# The Amazing Amazon

## How has the Amazon Rainforest changed over time?

### The Amazon Rainforest

- 5.5 million square km (previously covered a much larger area)
- Parts in Brazil, Peru, Colombia, Venezuela, Ecuador, Bolivia, Guyana, Suriname and French Guiana
- 2.5 million insect species
- 40 000+ plant species
- 3 000 edible fruits
- · 2 000+ species of birds and mammals

### Where in the World?

Rainforests are found near to the equator between the tropic of Cancer and the tropic of Capricorn.

They can be found in every continent except Antarctica

They are located in countries such as Brazil. India, Peru, Mexico, Australia and Malaysia.



- 170 different languages spoken
- 250 000 native tribes currently live there

Over the past 60 years, over 1 million square kilometres (17%)

of the Amazon Rainforest has been destroyed!

# equator



tropic of Capricorn

Climate

The climate in the rainforest

is the same all year round.

· Usually rains every day

Average rainfall of

6cm each month

•	Hot and <mark>humid</mark>		Confluence	
A CONTRACTOR			Mouth	
		128	SAL.	
	Emergent Layer	Canopy Layer	Understorey La	
	a Cale		R SHATE ST	
	Trees can be up to 60m tall	Trees form a roo over the plant below	-	
	Lots of sunlight	Lots of sunlight bu	t Very little sunlig	

### also plenty of rain Cold and windy Lots of food for Warm and humid Leaves and debris animals decompose quickly Birds, bats, monkeus Lots of insects Snakes, toucans Gorillas, anteaters, and butterflies and tree frogs leopards and tigers

### How important is the Amazon River to the rainforest?

waterfall

floodplain

tributaru

current

Features of a River

meander

bank

Same Contract				
Vocabulary				
Deforestation	Delta			
Equator	Oxbow lake			
Humid	Estuary			
Native tribes	Canopy			
Species	Emergent			
Confluence	Understorey			
Mouth	Forest floor			
1	and S			



The Amazon river is thought to be at least 6,400km long but no one knows exactlu how long it is for sure because it is so hard to measure.

The Amazon river begins in the Andes Mountains, although there is some debate about its precise source. From there, it flows all the way to the Atlantic Ocean.

The Amazon river and its tributaries flow through many counties, including Peru, Bolivia, Venezuela, Colombia, Ecuador and Brazil.

The Amazon river is thought to be the world's **second** longest river but it is the largest river in the world in terms of the volume of water that it discharges.

Humans use the hydroelectric power of the Amazon river as a sustainable source of energy.